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1. **Sharks at Compass Cay**. Swim with the pet Nurse Sharks at the Compass Cay Marina. They are for the most part harmless to humans. The Compass Cay Sharks have been seen on Discovery channel, Shark Week, animal Planet and many more TV shows. Compass Cay is located seven and a half miles north of Staniel Cay.

2. **Sand Bars at Pipe Cay**. Discover the beautiful sand bars and shallow waters within the Pipe Creek lagoon.

3. **Swimming Pigs at Big Major Cay**. The world famous swimming pigs live at Pig Beach on Big Major Cay. Stories about how these pigs arrived here vary. Some say the pigs were shipwrecked here and miraculously made their way onto the shore at pig beach. Others have suggested sailors left them here with the intentions of returning at a later date, but never returned. The real reason of their origins is in fact far simpler. Local villagers from Staniel Cay kept the pigs here instead of around their homes to avoid the bad smells!

4. **Thunderball Grotto.** The Thunderball Grotto cave featured as a location in the 1965 James Bond film *Thunderball*, from where it takes its name. The most northerly of 3 small islands which are located between Big Major Cay and Staniel Cay. Inside it's an exotic cave with tropical fish. To get inside requires snorkeling through a small passageway. Visiting the Grotto requires favorable tides and sea conditions.

5. **Staniel Cay.** The gateway to the Exuma Cays and where you will fly into at the Staniel Cay Airport. Tours will break for lunch on Staniel Cay.

6. **Underwater Plane Wreck**. A small twin engine plane ditched here in the 1970's. People believe that it was a drug smugglers plane during a time when smuggling was prevalent in the Bahamas. This is just a short Sightseeing Stop on our tours. It is possible to snorkel at the plane wreck with one of our private tour upgrades.

7. **Iguanas at Bitter Guana Cay.** The Exuma Island iguanas are an endangered species of Bahamian rock iguana with a wild population of less than 1,300 remaining. They roam the deserted beach on Bitter Guana Cay and they are primarily herbivorous, eating leavers, flowers and fruits. They are now protected by the Wild Animals (Protection) Act.